

# Micro lensing towards the Galactic Centre with OGLE

Łukasz Wyrzykowski

*(pron.: woo-cash vi-zhi-kov-ski)*

Warsaw University Astronomical Observatory, Poland

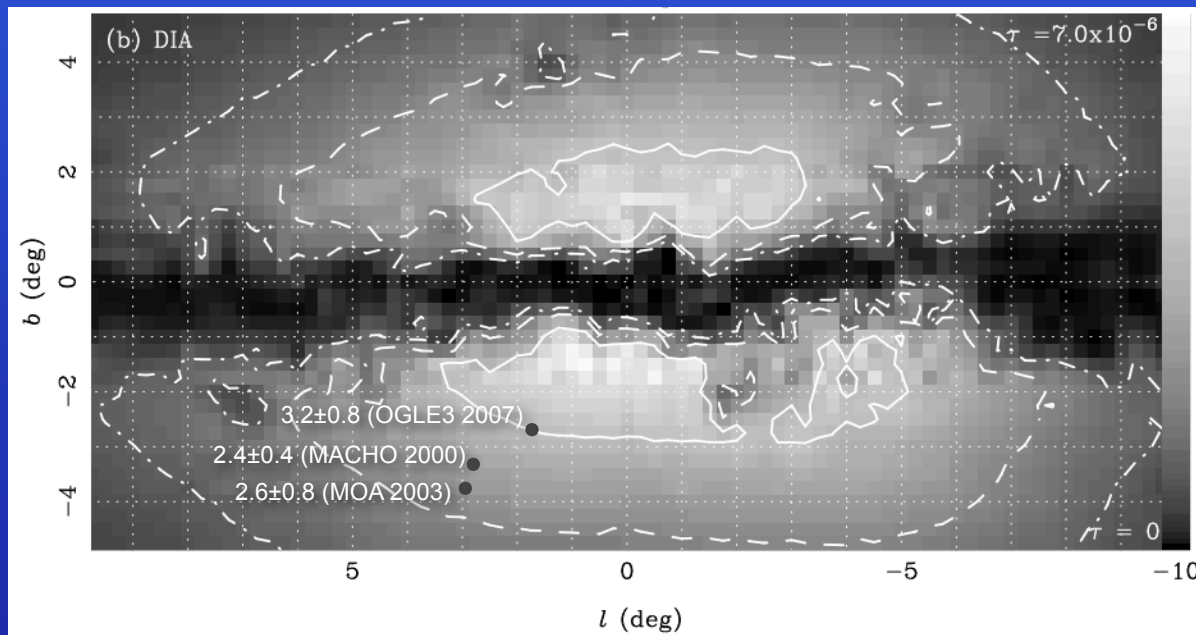
Institute of Astronomy, University of Cambridge, UK

*WFIRST Conference and 16<sup>th</sup> Microlensing Workshop*

*IPAC, Pasadena, 13-18.02.2012*

# Gravitational microlensing optical depth

- probably the best way to constrain the internal structure of the Milky Way
- the most recent models of the Galactic Bulge: Kerins, Robin, Marshall 2010



# Gravitational microlensing optical depth

- review by Marc Moniez 2010

results so far:

reference	seasons	field <i>deg.</i> <sup>2</sup>	stars analyzed	events for $\tau$	$\bar{l}^\circ, \bar{b}^\circ$	$\langle \tau \rangle_{bulge}$ $\times 10^6$	$\langle t_E \rangle$ corrected
OGLE [112]	2	0.81	all	9	$\pm 5, -3.5$	$3.3 \pm 1.2$	
MACHO [11]	1	12.	all	45	2.55, 3.64	$3.9^{+1.8}_{-1.2}$	
MACHO [16]	3	4.	all/DIA	99	2.68, -3.35	$3.23^{+0.52}_{-0.50}$	
EROS [3]	3	15.	bright	16	2.5, -4.0	$0.94 \pm 0.29$	
MOA [104]	1	18.	all/DIA	28	4.2, -3.4	$3.36^{+1.11}_{-0.81}$	
MACHO [86]	7	4.5	bright	62	1.5, -2.68	$2.17^{+0.47}_{-0.38}$	$21.6 \pm 3$
OGLE [105]	4	5.	bright	32	1.16, -2.75	$2.55^{+0.57}_{-0.46}$	$28.1 \pm 4.3$
EROS [62]	7	66.	bright	120			$28.3 \pm 2.8$
EROS [87]	7	20.1	all	22			$48. \pm 9.$

- but number statistics way too low to recreate the full map

# Optical Gravitational Lensing Experiment

## OGLE-I

1992 – 1995

started by Paczyński (Princeton)  
and Udalski (Warsaw)

pilot program

Swope telescope in LCO, Chile

## OGLE-III

2001 – 2009

8 chip mosaic camera

2k x 4k 0.26"/pix each CCD

fov: 0.34 sq deg

## OGLE-II

1996 – 2000

dedicated 1.3m telescope in  
Las Campanas Observatory, Chile

2k x 2k single CCD

fov: 0.21 sq deg

## OGLE-IV

2010 – ...

32 chip mosaic camera

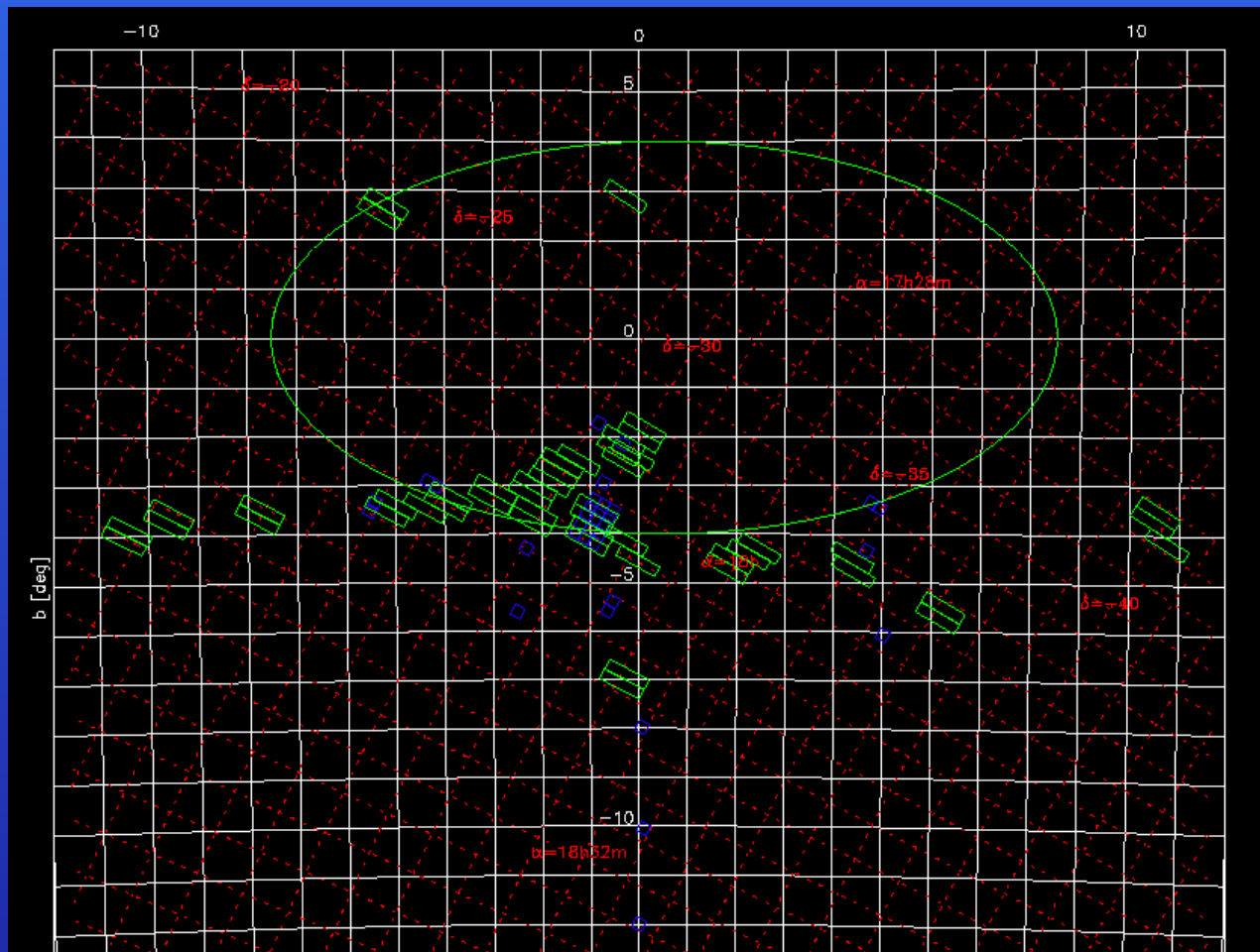
2k x 4k 0.26"/pix each CCD

fov: 1.4 sq deg

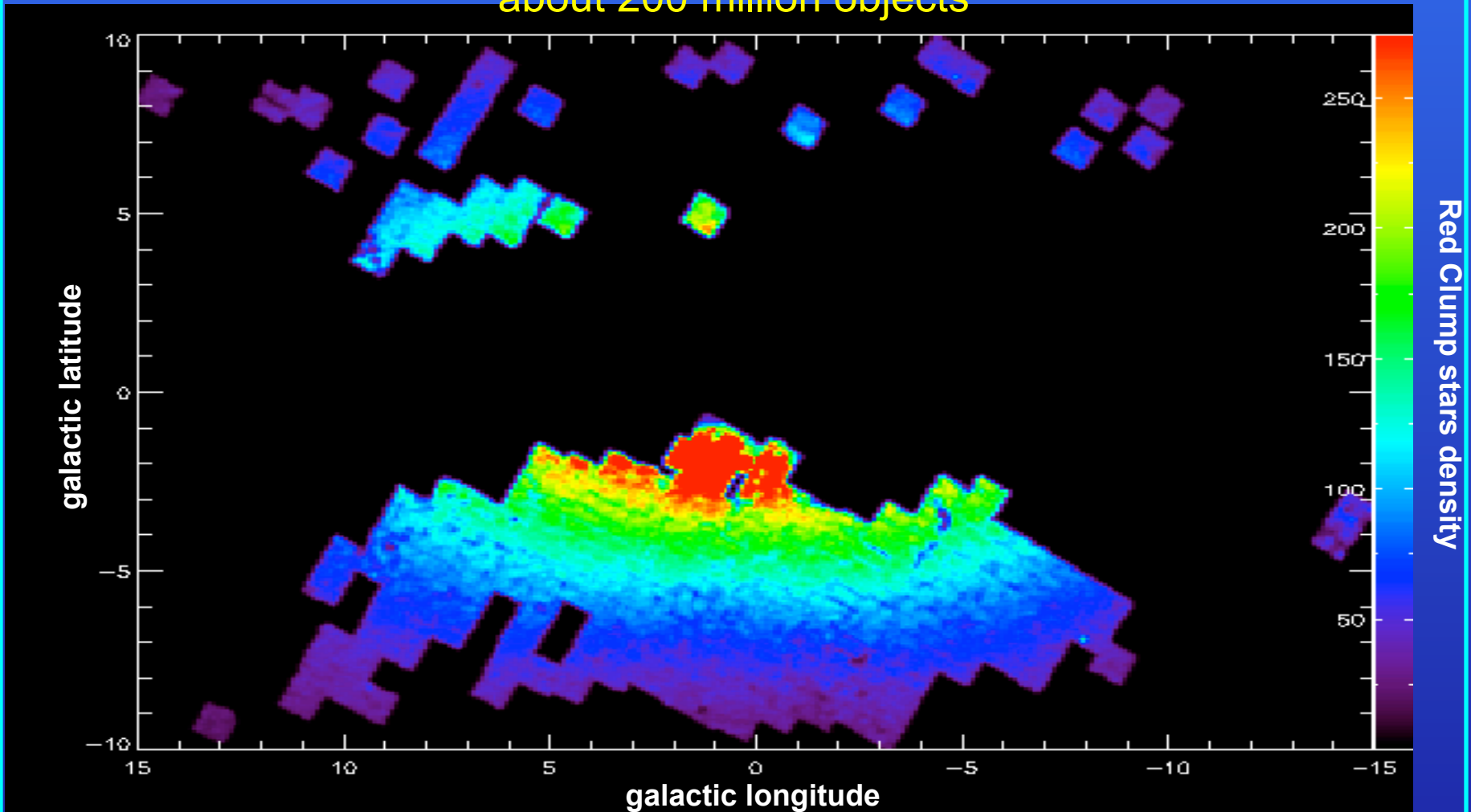
data flow 8 times OGLE-III

# OGLE-II Bulge fields

~49 fields  
~10 square degrees  
about 20 million objects



OGLE-III Bulge fields  
~300 fields  
~100 square degrees  
about 200 million objects

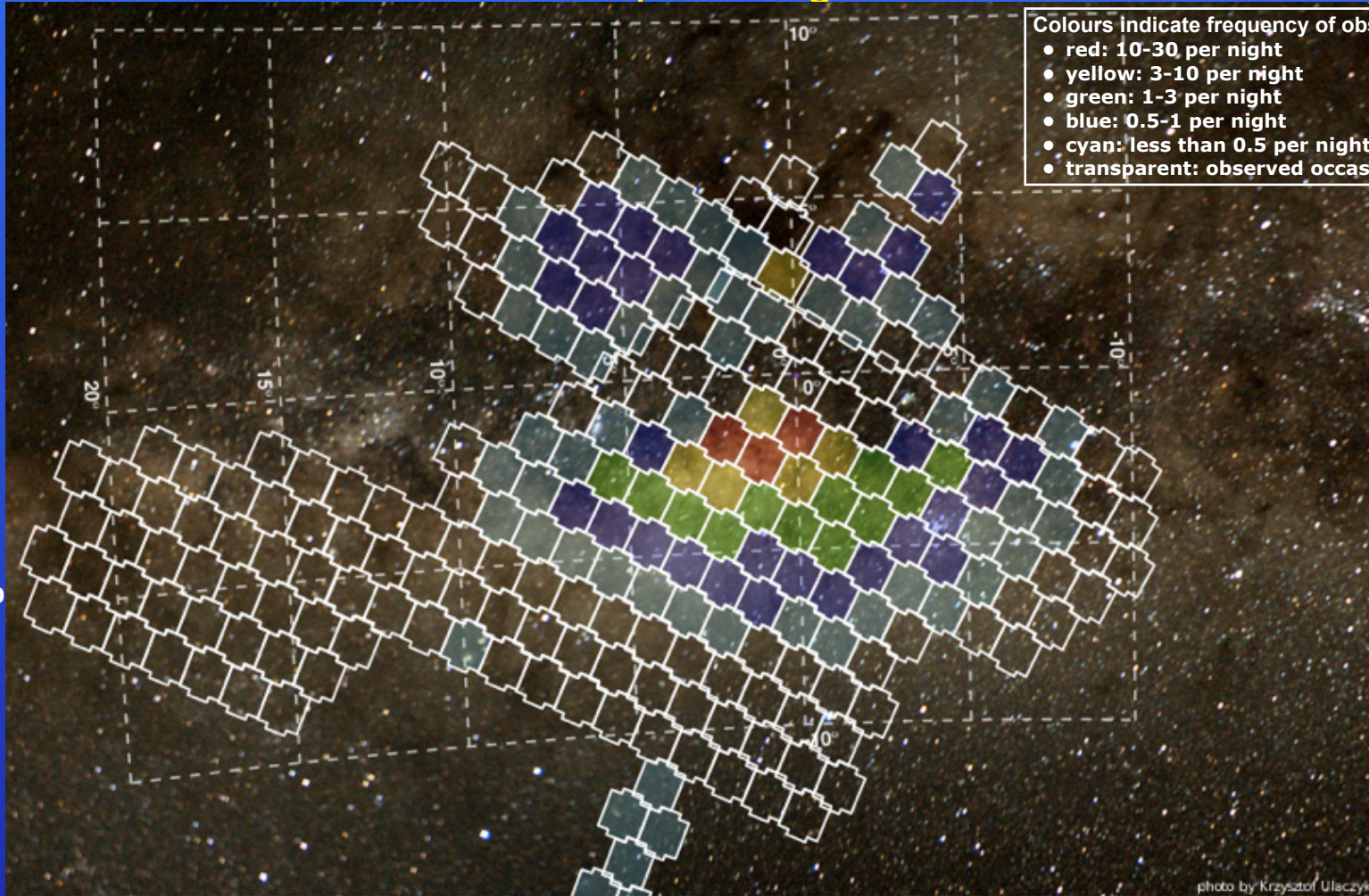


# OGLE-IV Bulge fields

233 fields  
~330 square degrees

- Colours indicate frequency of observations
- red: 10-30 per night
  - yellow: 3-10 per night
  - green: 1-3 per night
  - blue: 0.5-1 per night
  - cyan: less than 0.5 per night
  - transparent: observed occasionally

galactic latitude



(photo by Krzysztof Ulaczyk, with permission from author. Plots by JS)

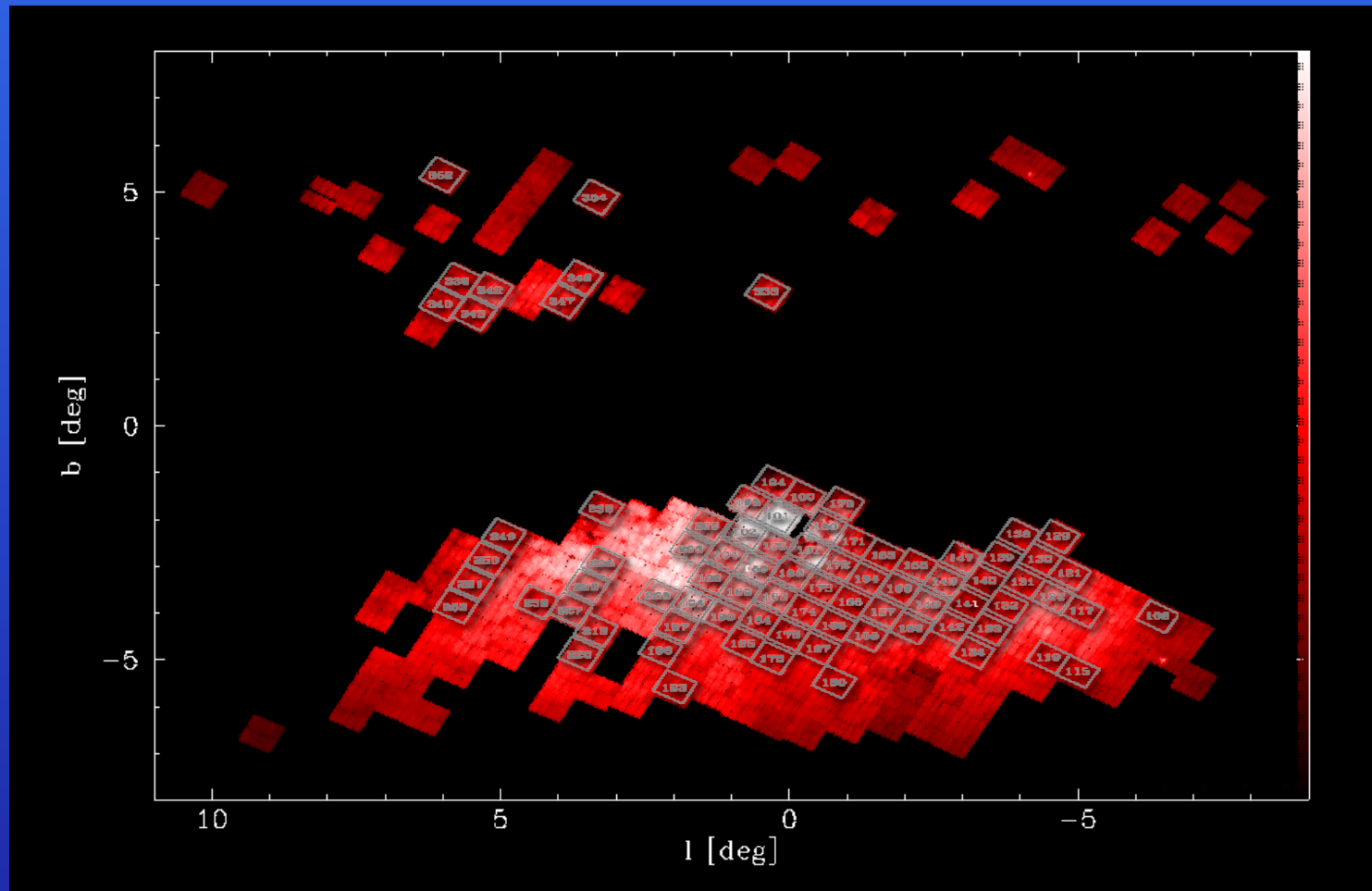
photo by Krzysztof Ulaczyk

galactic longitude

interactive plots available  
at: [ogle.astrouw.edu.pl](http://ogle.astrouw.edu.pl)

# OGLE-III data search (2001-2004)

82 (out of 260) fields selected - frequently observed in 2001-2004 seasons  
~27 sq. deg, ~50 million stars





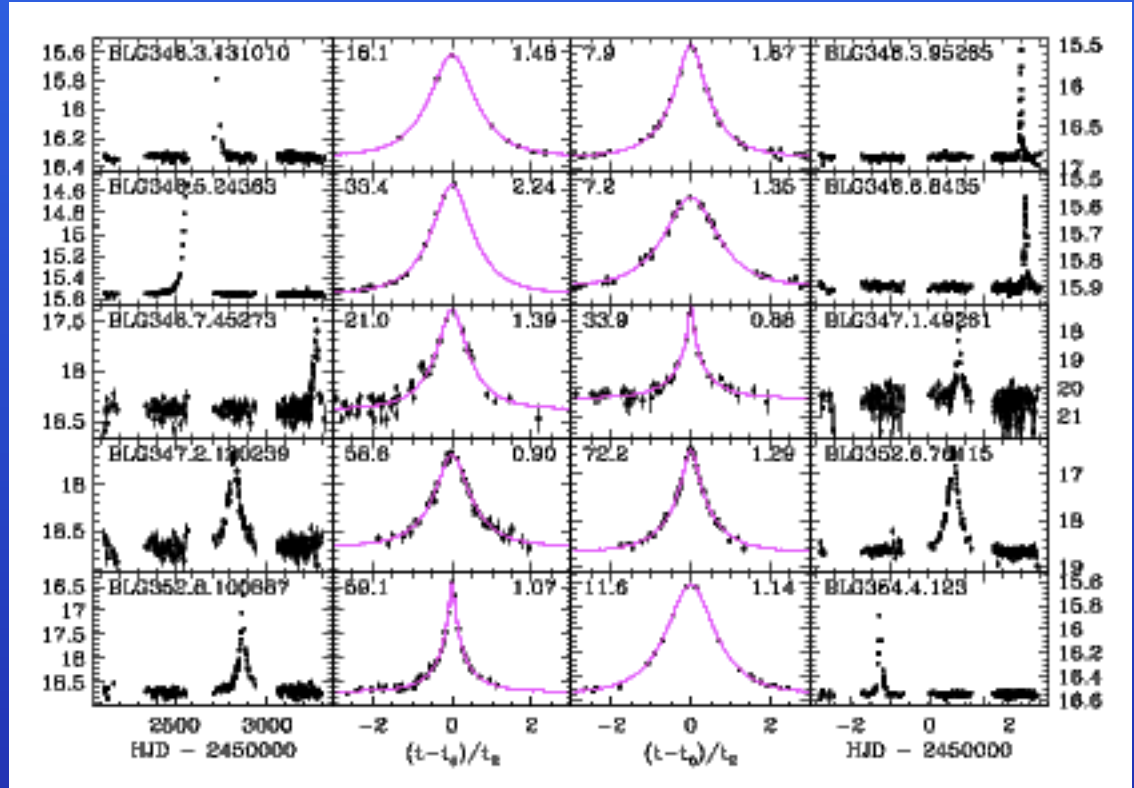
# Outline of the search procedure

$I < 21.0$  mag : ~50 million stars  
monitored for 4 years

significant brightening  
over baseline: ~12,000 objects

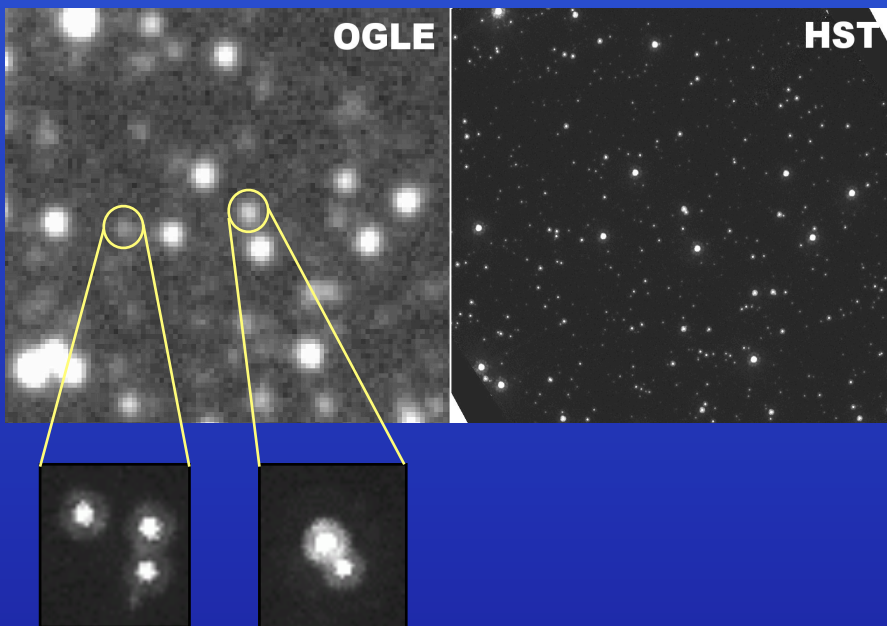
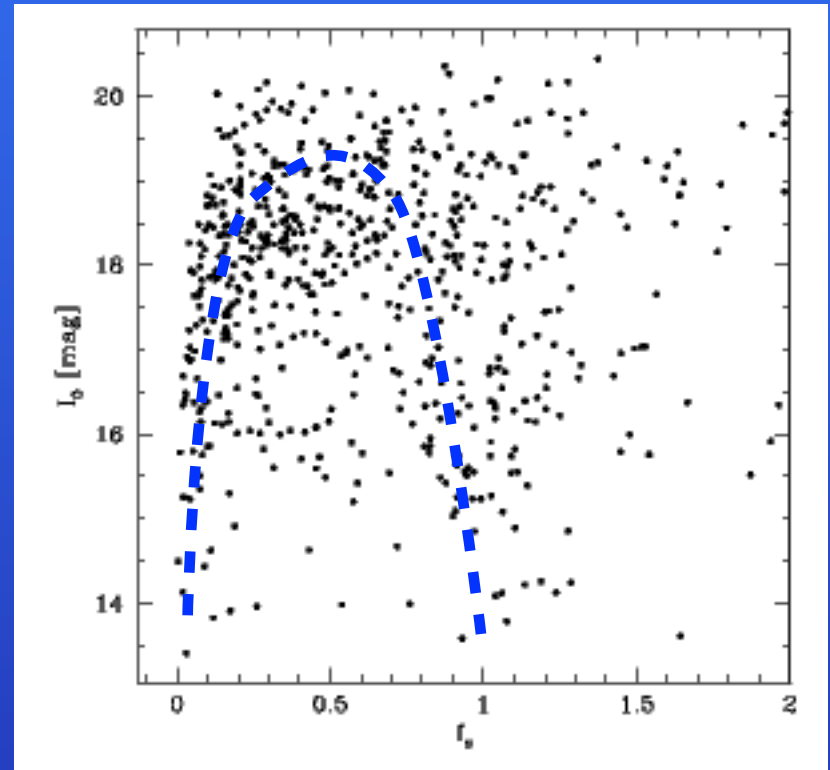
artefacts removed:  
2290 candidates

standard microlensing fit ok:  
610 standard events



# Simplified blending distribution

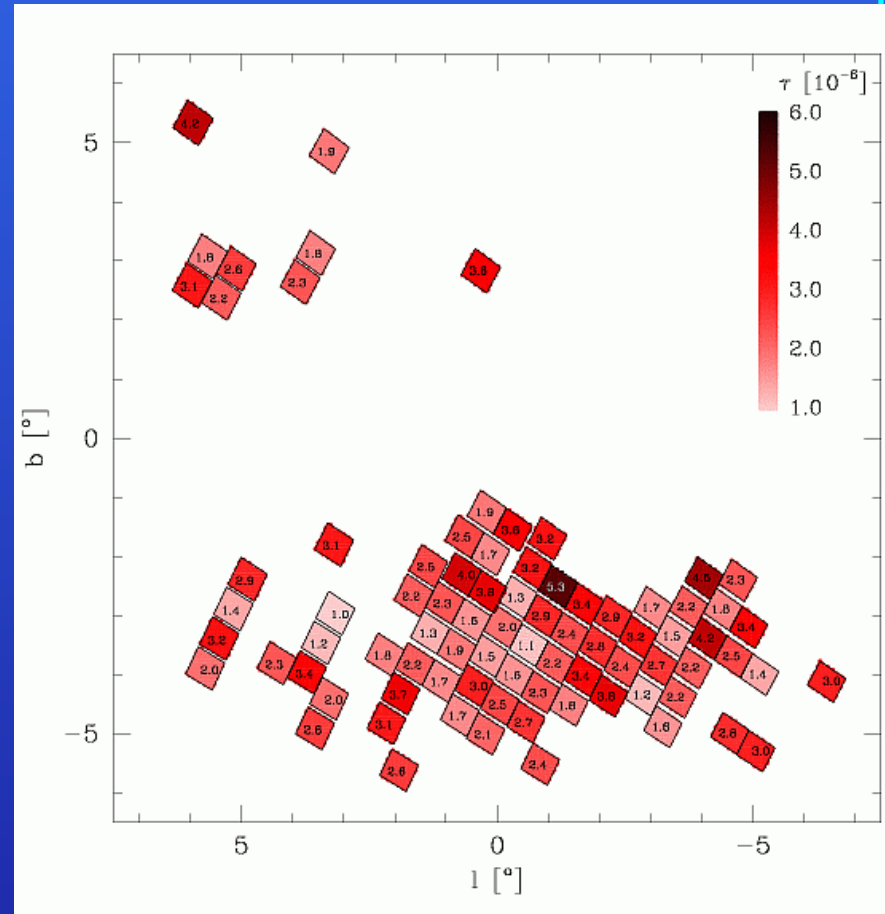
- derived using standard events fits
- follows characteristic U shaped distribution (Sumi+2005)
- to be used in efficiency calculation
- in the full study the HST-OGLE comparison will be done



# Optical depth towards the bulge from partial OGLE-III data (2001-2004)

PhD thesis of Łukasz Wyrzykowski (2005)

the largest sample so far (OGLE-III):  
610 events, 27 sq.deg, 50 million stars

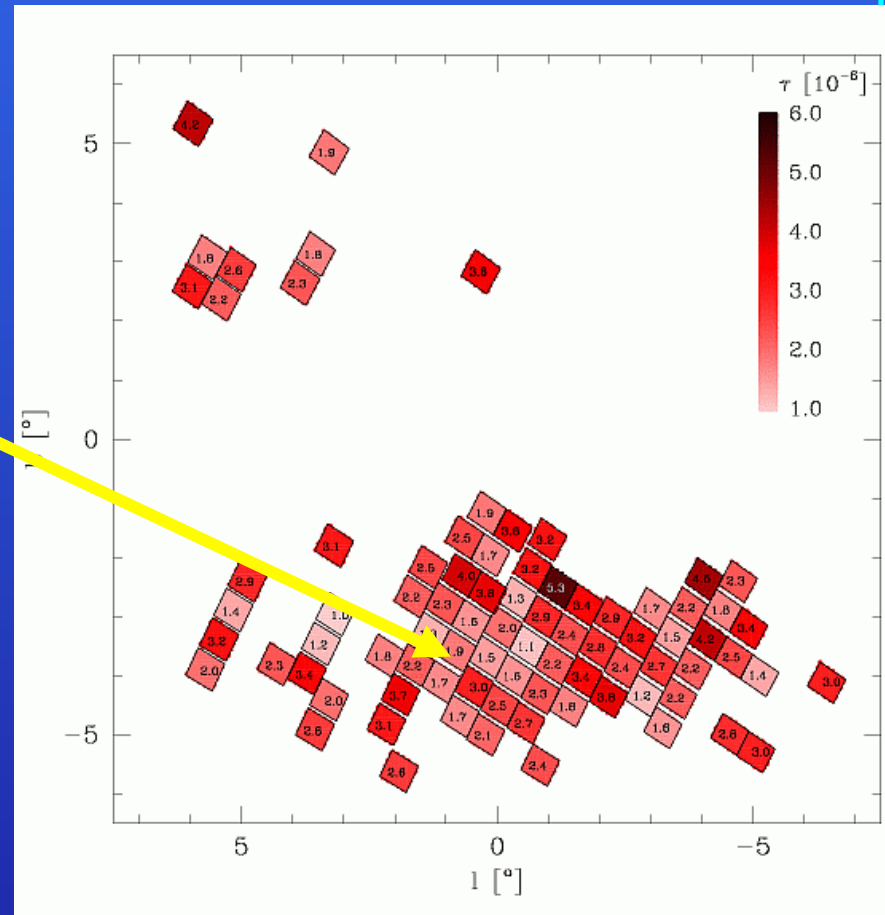


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$$\tau_{BW} = 1.9 \pm 0.3 \cdot 10^{-6}$$



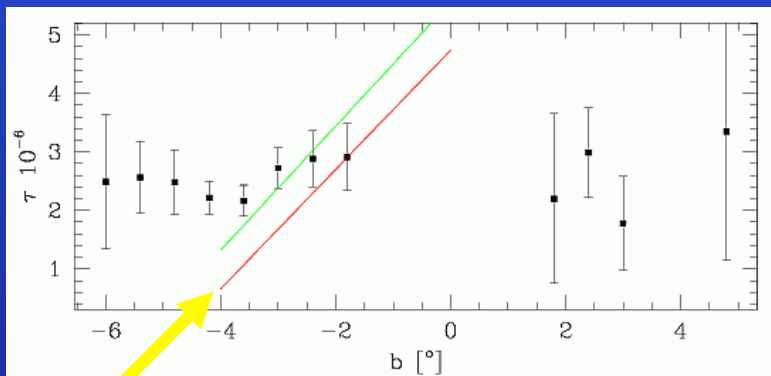
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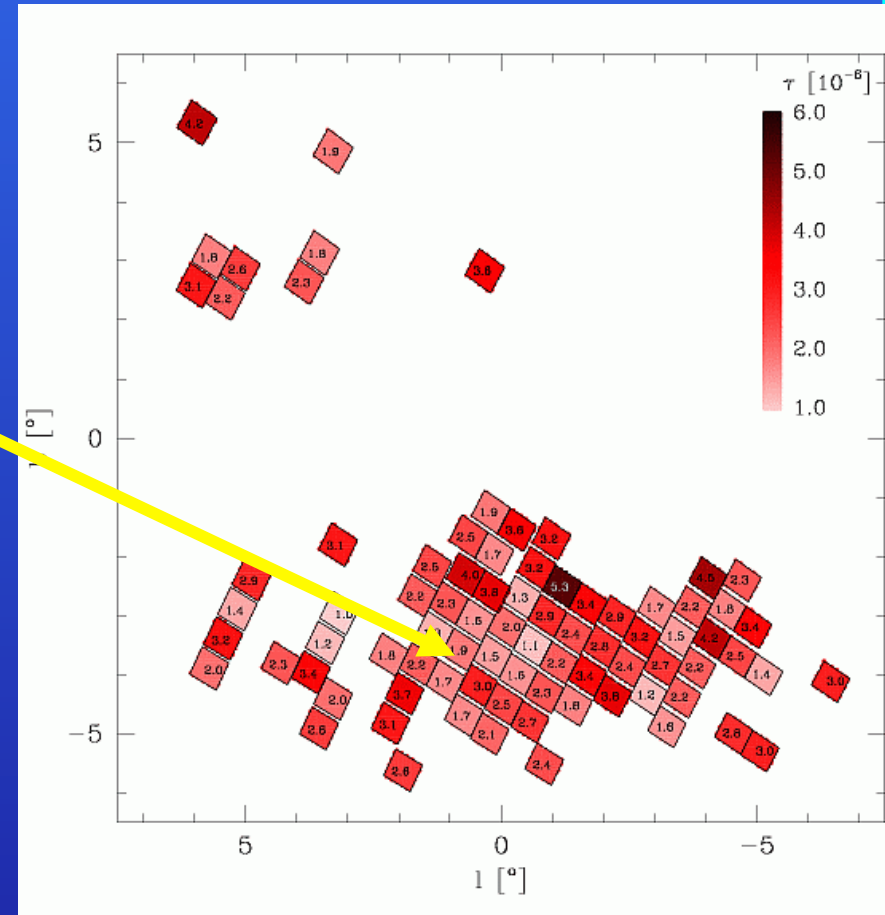
the largest sample so far (OGLE-III):  
610 events, 27 sq.deg, 50 million stars

$$\tau_{BW} = 1.9 \pm 0.3 \cdot 10^{-6}$$

weak dependence of tau on b  
- contamination with disk sources



Sumi+2005

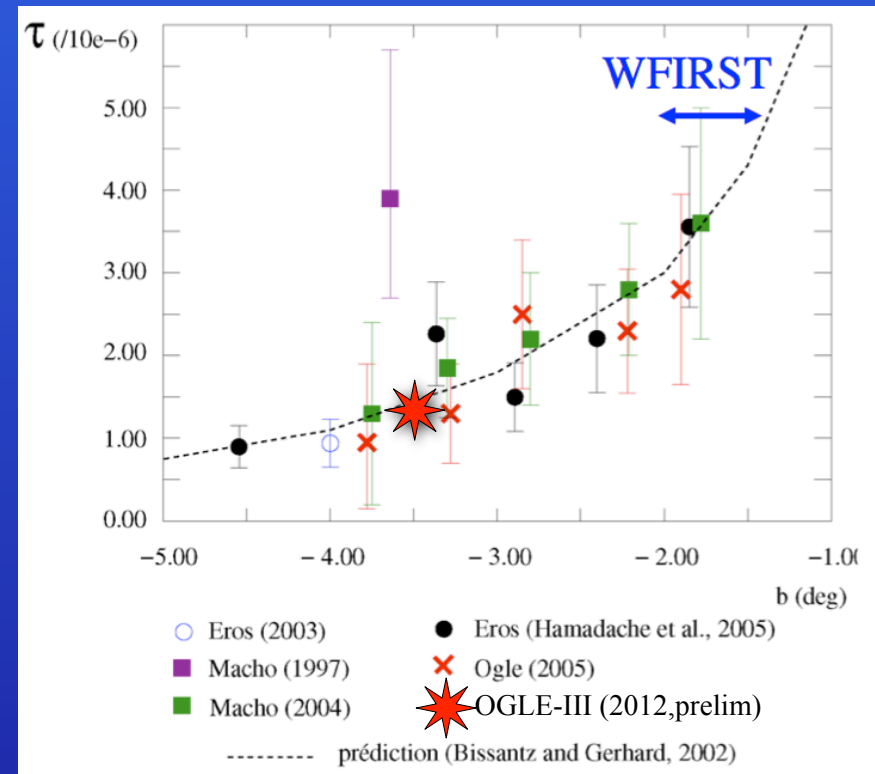


# Optical depth towards the bulge from full OGLE-III data (2001-2009) *Preliminary results*

- calculation for Baade's Window fields with **13.8 million** stars
- only high quality events chosen
- **111** standard events found

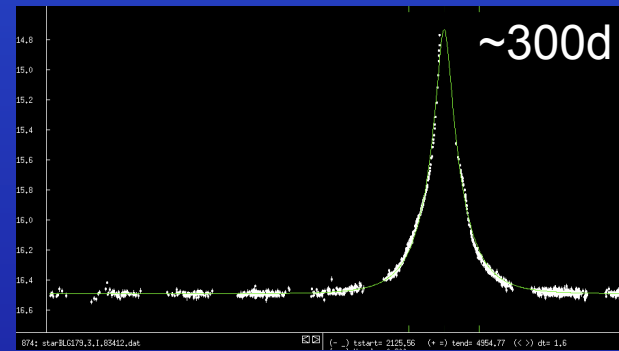
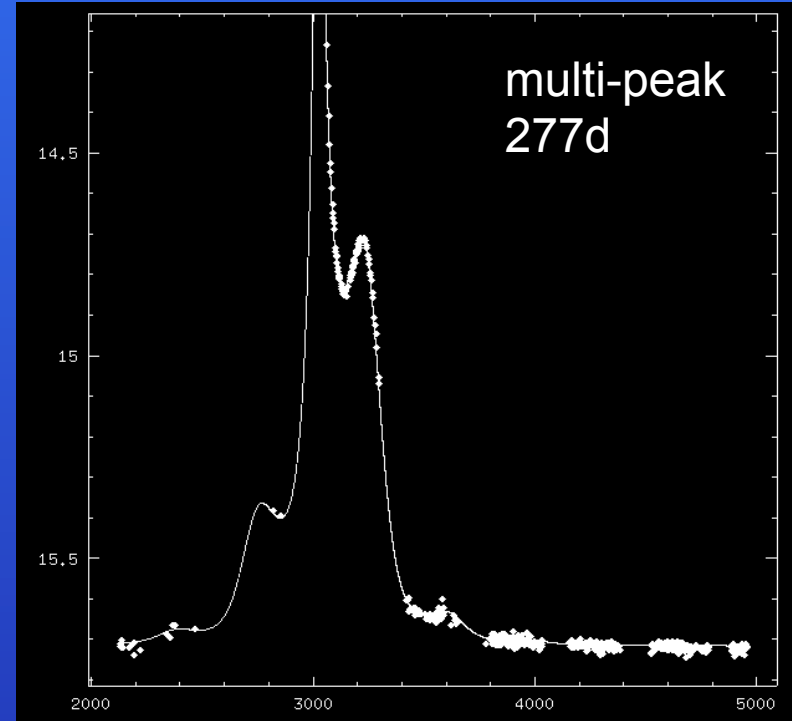
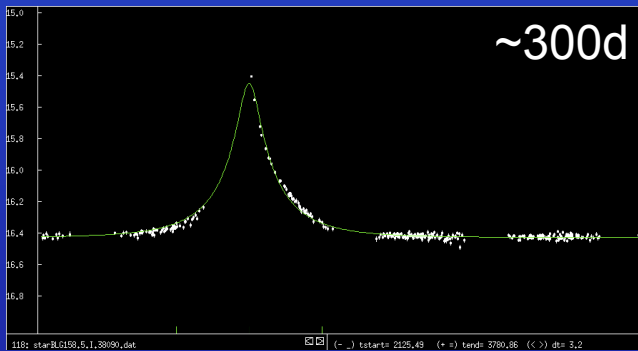
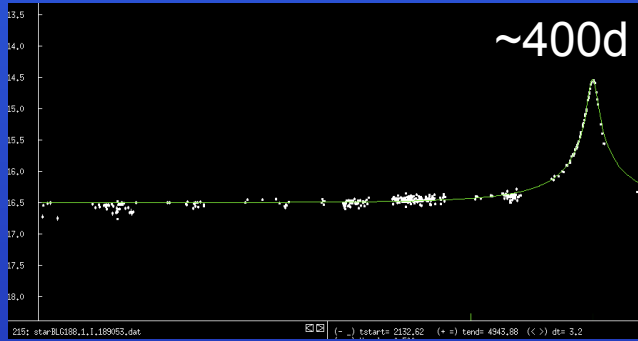
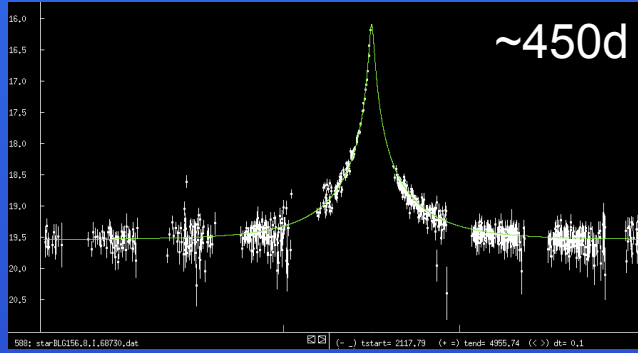
$$\tau_{\text{BW}} = 1.3 \pm 0.2 \cdot 10^{-6}$$

- in agreement with expected value
- based on all stars down to 20.5 (not only bright) - and still in agreement with bright stars results
- **5,000** events expected - enough for detailed map of the optical depth for  $-7 < l < +7$  and  $-5 < b < -2$

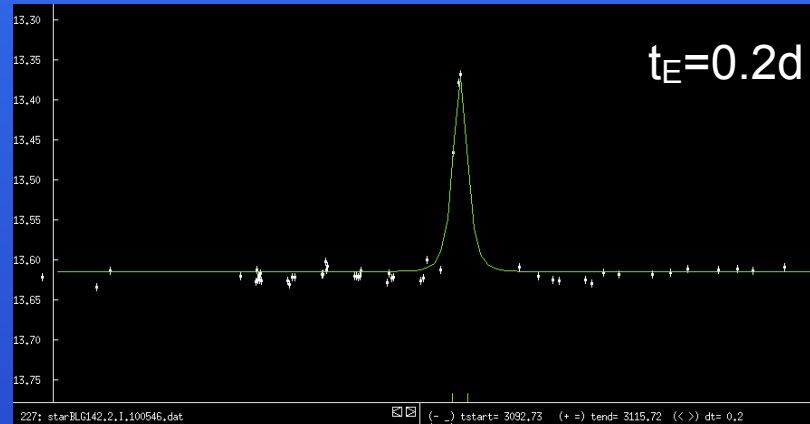


from D.Bennett

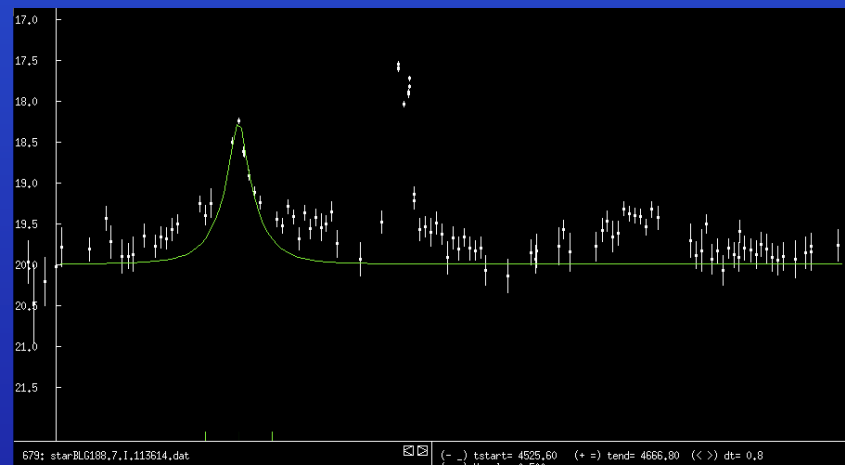
# new long events, $t_E > 200d$



# very short events

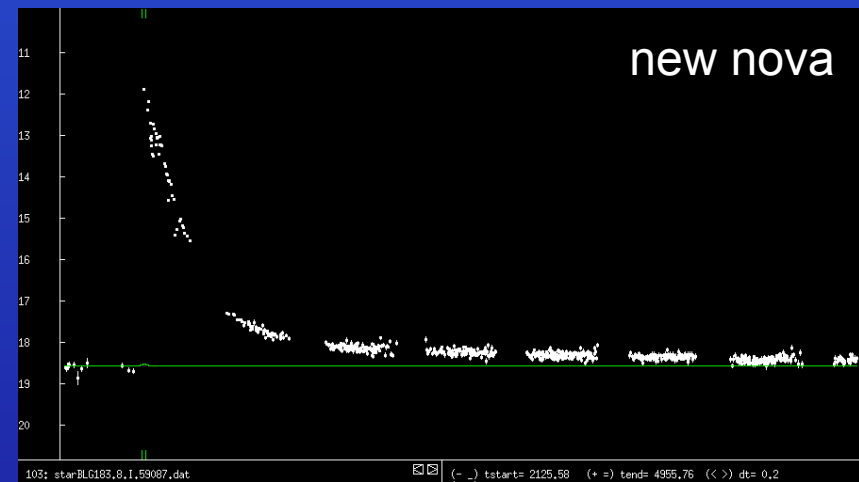
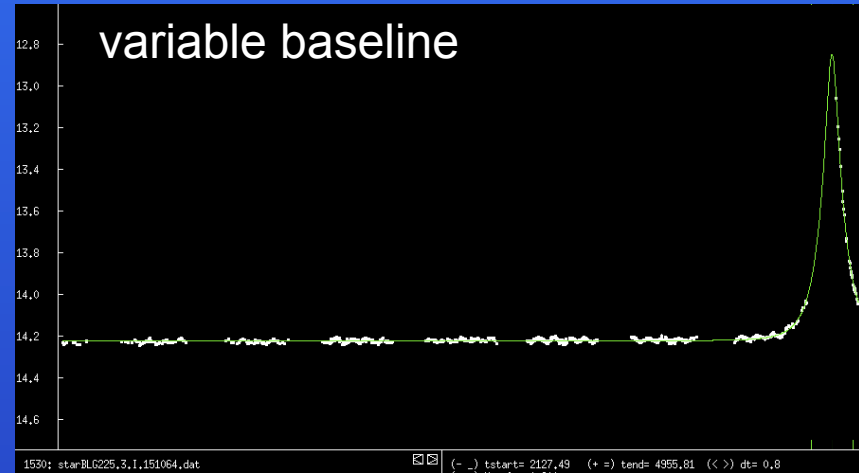
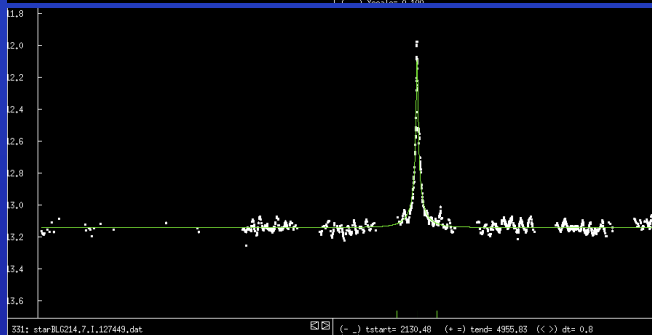
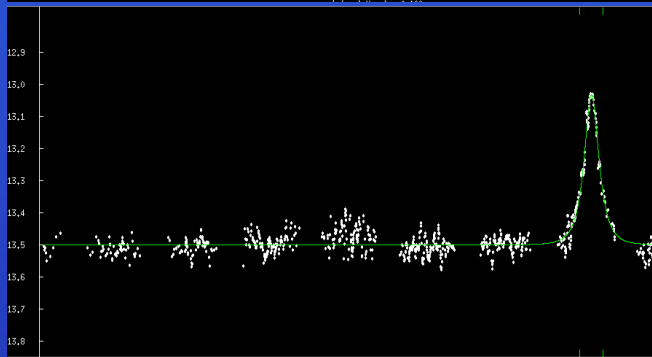
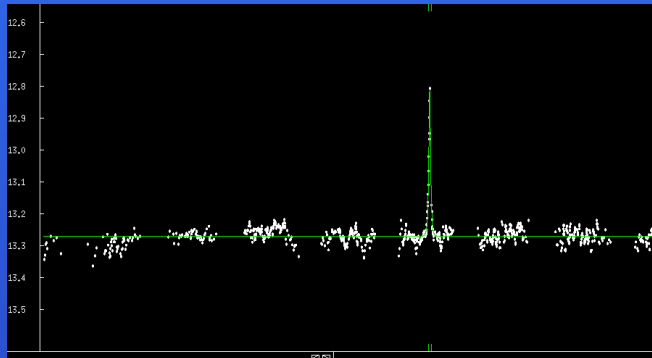


## $t_E = 6d$ + caustic crossing





# other interesting events



# Future of Galactic optical depth studies

- OGLE-III (2001-2009) events catalogue to be published soon
- next step: map of the optical depth towards the Galactic Bulge with OGLE-III events
- OGLE-IV (2010 - ...) is monitoring the Bulge and the Plane
- VVV NIR Bulge/Plane survey at low  $b$  to complement OGLE I-band tau studies
- ESA's Gaia mission (2013-2018) will detect microlensing events with  $t_E > 30$  from all over the sky; Bulge not very well covered

**Thank you !**